

6. TRANSMITTING

1. Make sure that you follow all steps set forth in the "GETTING READY" section (Section) first.
2. Select a frequency, shift direction, shift value, and PL tone frequency.
3. Check to see if the frequency is in use before transmitting.
4. Select appropriate transmitter output level by the switch located on the rear panel of the radio.
5. Press the **[PTT]** switch and speak approximately 5" from the microphone, located on the front of the radio.

6-1 POWER OUTPUT SETTING

There are three power settings on the DJ-580T/E. You may select either High (H), Medium (M) or Low (L) from the PO function on the front panel. Change power output levels by performing the following.

1. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[PO]** key repeatedly to obtain the desired output power.

WARNING

It is possible to cause UHF receive interference while transmitting on VHF. To avoid this from happening, make sure that the VHF frequency x 3 does not equal the frequency on UHF. For example, if VHF transmit frequency is 146.190MHz the UHF frequency should not be set at 438.570MHz.

6-2 LOW LEVEL BATTERY MODE

This function allows for extended use due to power drop in battery. The "**[FULL]**" indicator will begin to flash when battery drops to approximately 6.2 volts. When you operate your squelch just on the threshold, it will begin to open at approximately 4.75 volts. The sensitivity and transmit power will begin to drop at this time compared to normal operation. The radio will continue to operate until approximately 4.50 volts.

*This feature is available with DRY CELL BATTERIES ONLY.

7. TRANSCEIVER MODES

The DJ-580T/E has 3 modes; VFO mode, Memory mode and Call mode.

7-1 VFO MODE (Variable Frequency Oscillator)

The transceiver will be in VFO mode. This mode is used to change frequency and select the desired channel step, offset frequency (up to 15,995 MHz by 5 kHz), tone frequency (38 frequencies in Hz), Dual Watch, etc.

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key.

7-2 MEMORY MODE

The following guidelines will help you to program and manipulate memory channels. In memory mode, memory channels can be reviewed. Other features include Memory Scan, Memory Priority and Dual Watch. To select the memory mode, press the **[MEM]** key. The most recently used memory channel will display.

- Frequency
- Memory channel number
- Other programmed functions

7-2-1 PROGRAMMING A MEMORY CHANNEL (MW KEY)

To write functions to any memory channel, it is necessary to first set those functions in the VFO mode.

- Select VFO mode (VHF or UHF band key).
- Select the receive frequency.
- Select the repeater shift "**[R]**" or "**[S]**" or split
- Select the required offset. Consult your Repeater Directory.
- Select the proper CTCSS subaudible tone "**[CTCSS]**". Consult your Repeater Directory.
- Select Tone Squelch (Decoder) "**[SQL]**".
- Select Tone Frequency

After selecting and setting the required functions you can write (store) those functions to a memory channel as follows:

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key.
2. Select a frequency, shift direction, shift value, CTCSS subaudible tone, Tone squelch and Tone frequency.

3. Press the **[MEM]** key. A two digit memory channel number will be displayed on the LCD. If these digits are flashing, it means that this channel number has no information stored. Rotate the Main Tuning Dial clockwise to choose the desired memory channel number (clockwise to increase, counter clockwise to decrease). Select the desired memory channel number (0 to 19).
5. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key along with the **[MEM]** key to write (store) frequency to memory.
6. Press the MR key to exit.

An alternate method for programming the memory channel is provided as follows:

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key.
2. Press the **[MEM]** key. A two digit memory channel number will be displayed on the LCD. If these digits are flashing, it means that this channel number has no information stored.
3. Turn the Main Tuning Dial clockwise to choose the desired memory channel number (clockwise to increase, counter clockwise to decrease). Select the desired memory channel number (0 to 19).
4. Select a frequency, shift direction, shift value, CTCSS subaudible tone, Tone squelch and Tone frequency.
5. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key along with the **[MEM]** key to write (store) to memory.
6. Press the **[MEM]** key to exit.

7-2-2 SCROLL MEMORY

Scrolling the VHF or UHF bank of memory channels up or down can be accomplished 1 of 2 ways.

MR KEY:

1. Press the **[MEM]** key to put the Main Band into Memory Channel mode. The memory channel number (0-19) will appear. A flashing channel number indicates to you that no information has been programmed into this memory channel. Turn the Main Tuning dial to increment and decrement the memory channel or use the **[UP]** / **[DOWN]** keys.
2. Press the **[MEM]** key to exit MEMORY MODE and return to VFO MODE. The two digit memory channel will disappear from the LCD display indicating that you have returned to

VFO MODE.

You can scan the memory channels with the **Q** key, select to skip any memory channel with the **Q** key, or select the scan type with the **MS** key. Refer to the section SCANNING FUNCTIONS (Section) for more information.

The DJ-580T/E has two (02) banks of memory channels:

- 1ST the VHF bank has 20 memory channels that are accessed with the **Q** key.
- 2ND the UHF bank has 20 memory channels that are accessed with the **Q** key.

7-2-3 CANCELLING A MEMORY CHANNEL

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **VHF** or **UHF** key.
2. Press the **Q** key.
3. Rotate the Main Tuning Dial to choose the desired memory channel number (clockwise to increase, counter clockwise to decrease). Select a non-flashing memory channel number (0 to 19).
4. Press and hold the **FUNC** key, then press the **Q** key to cancel this memory channel. The two digit memory channel number will now begin to flash indicating that the contents of this memory channel has been cleared.

7-2-4 FREE VHF/UHF MEMORY CHANNELS

Using this feature will allow you to free up memory channels from either band and allocate to the other band for frequency storage.

EXAMPLE: FREE MEMORY CHANNELS

Let's say you wish that you had 25 programmable VHF memory channels but the radio comes defaulted to 20. No problem, that is why this feature has been included. Since the radio has 40 channels in total, 20 for each VFO, it is possible to allocate all 40 channels to one band for memory programming. This scenario would of course leave the other band with no programmable memory channels. Here's how to make it all happen.

1. Press and hold the **FUNC** key, then press the **MS** key. The symbol "FL" will appear on the LCD display.
2. Press and hold the **FUNC** key, then press

the **Q** key. The number of allocated memory channels for each VFO will appear on each band display.

When the Main Tuning Dial is rotated clockwise, the number of possible VHF memory channels will increase. This number will increase while the allocated memory channels from the UHF side will decrease.

When the Main Tuning Dial is rotated counter clockwise, the number of possible UHF memory channels will increase. This number will increase while the allocated memory channels from the VHF side will decrease.

3. Press and hold the **FUNC** key, then press the **MS** key four (4) times to clear FL/PL from the display and exit beep tone level mode.

7-2-5 MEMORY TO VFO COPY FUNCTION

This function is used to copy details of a memory or call channel into a VFO.

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **VHF** or **UHF** key.
2. Press the **Q** key.
3. Select a memory channel number by rotating the Main Tuning dial.
4. Press and hold the **FUNC** key, then press the **Q** key. The information from the memory channel has been copied to the VFO, currently displayed.

7-3 CALL MODE

The CALL mode allows a single key to access an immediately desired programmed frequency. Each band has one Call Channel which can be accessed by pressing the **Q** key. A preferred local repeater is usually programmed into the Call Channel. The indicator C appears on the LCD when Call Priority and/or Dual Watch function is active.

7-3-1 PROGRAMMING THE CALL CHANNEL (W KEY)

To write functions to a CALL Channel, it is necessary to first set those functions in the VFO mode.

- Select VFO mode (VHF or UHF band).

- Select the receive frequency.
- Select the repeater shift "R" or "S"
- Select the required offset. Consult your Repeater Directory.
- Select the proper CTCSS subaudible tone "T". Consult your Repeater Directory.
- Select Tone Squelch (Decoder) "SQL".
- Select Tone Frequency

After selecting and setting the required functions you can write (store) those functions into a CALL Channel as follows:

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **VHF** or **UHF** key.
2. Select a frequency, shift direction, shift value, CTCSS subaudible tone, Tone squelch and Tone frequency.
3. Press and hold the **FUNC** key, then press the **Q** key. The frequency selected in step 2 will be stored into the CALL channel. The "C" indicator appears on the LCD showing you that your current mode is CALL channel mode.
4. Press the **Q** key again to return to previous mode and frequency.

7-3-2 ACTIVATING CALL CHANNEL

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **VHF** or **UHF** key.
2. Press the **Q** key. The CALL indicator "C" will appear on the LCD display.
3. Press the **Q** key again to return to previous mode and frequency.

7-3-3 CALL CHANNEL TO VFO COPY FUNCTION

This function is used to copy details of a memory or call channel into a VFO.

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **VHF** or **UHF** key.
2. Press the **Q** key.
3. Press and hold the **FUNC** key, then press the **Q** key. The information from the call channel has been copied to the VFO, currently displayed.

8. PRIORITY FUNCTIONS

The following priority functions are available:

- VFO Priority
- Memory Priority
- Call Priority (Dual Watch)

8-1 VFO PRIORITY

In this mode a VFO frequency is received for 4 seconds and a Memory frequency is received for a 1/2 of a second in a continuous cycle. Here is how it works:

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VFO]** or **[MEM]** key.
2. Select and enter a frequency.
3. Press the **[CALL]** key to activate Memory mode.
4. Rotate the Main Tuning Dial to a desired Memory Channel that has been programmed. You may also use the **[M]** or **[*]** key to change memory channels.
5. Return to the Main Band VFO as you selected in step 1.
6. Press the **[CALL]** key to begin priority function. The LCD will display "PRI".
7. Press the **[CALL]** key to stop the priority function. The LCD will remove the flashing "PRI" from the display.

NOTE

When a signal is received on the memory channel a BEEP will be emitted once from the speaker. In VFO priority, the transmitter may be activated on either frequency. Press the PTT switch when the desired frequency is displayed on the LCD.

8-2 MEMORY PRIORITY

In this mode a Memory frequency is received for 5 seconds and a VFO frequency is received for 2 seconds in a continuous cycle. Here is how it works:

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VFO]** or **[MEM]** key.
2. Select and enter a frequency.
3. Press the **[CALL]** key to activate Memory mode.
4. Rotate the Main Tuning Dial to a desired Memory Channel that has been programmed. You may also use the **[M]** or **[*]** to change memory channels.
5. Press the **[CALL]** key to begin priority function. The LCD will display "PRI".
6. Press the **[CALL]** key to stop the priority function. The LCD will remove "PRI" from

the display.

NOTE

When a signal is received on the VFO frequency a BEEP will be emitted once from the speaker. In memory priority, the transmitter may be activated on either frequency. Press the **[PTT]** switch when the desired frequency is displayed on the LCD.

8-3 CALL PRIORITY

The VFO frequency or Memory channel is scanned for approximately 1/2 second and the programmed CALL frequency is scanned for approximately 4 seconds.

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VFO]** or **[MEM]** key.
2. If the CALL channel hasn't been programmed yet, refer to section for more information.
3. Enter a frequency into the VFO or select a Memory channel in memory channel mode.
4. Press the **[CALL]** key for approximately 1/2 second. Call priority will begin to cycle between the CALL channel and the selected VFO or memory channel.
5. Press the **[CALL]** key to begin priority function. The LCD will display "PRI".
6. Press the **[CALL]** key to stop the priority function. The LCD will remove "PRI" from the display.

NOTE

When a signal is received on the VFO frequency a BEEP will be emitted once from the speaker. In CALL priority, the transmitter may be activated on either frequency. Press the **[PTT]** switch when the desired frequency is displayed on the LCD.

8-4 DUAL WATCH FUNCTION

Unlike priority, there is no time period for listening between two modes. Dual Watch is a constant monitoring of two modes.

8-4-1 VFO/MEMORY DUAL WATCH
Perform the following for VFO/MEMORY DUAL WATCH.

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VFO]** or **[MEM]** key. Enter a desired frequency.
2. Press the **[CALL]** key and select the desired memory channel.
3. Return to the VFO mode as selected in step #1.
4. Press and hold the **[CALL]** key, then press the **[VFO]** key. The radio will begin with the VFO frequency followed by the memory channel frequency. The cycling between these frequencies is approximately .5 second.
5. Press the VFO button as selected in step #1 to stop DUAL WATCH.

OPERATING HINT

Without stopping DUAL WATCH operation, you can enter a new frequency into the selected VFO and DUAL WATCH will continue automatically. Enter the new VFO frequency via the key pad. DUAL WATCH operation will be suspended while you are entering the new VFO frequency, but will resume operation after you have completed entry.

8-4-2 CALL/VFO DUAL WATCH

Unlike priority, there is no time period for listening between two modes. Dual Watch is a constant monitoring of two modes. Perform the following for CALL/VFO DUAL WATCH.

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VFO]** or **[MEM]** key. Enter a desired frequency.
2. Press the **[CALL]** key. The CALL channel must be programmed.
3. Press and hold the **[CALL]** key, then press the **[VFO]** key. The radio will begin with the CALL frequency followed by the VFO frequency. The cycling between these frequencies is approximately .5 second.
4. Press the Main Band key as performed in step 1 to stop DUAL WATCH.

8-4-3 CALL/MEMORY DUAL WATCH

Unlike priority, there is no time period for listening between two modes. Dual Watch is a constant monitoring of two modes. Perform the following for CALL/MEMORY DUAL WATCH.

1. Press the **[CALL]** key and select the desired memory channel.
2. Press the **[VFO]** key. The CALL channel must

- be programmed.
3. Press and hold the **[CALL]** key, then press the **[VFO]** key. The radio will begin with the CALL frequency followed by the memory channel frequency. The cycling between these frequencies is approximately .5 second.
4. Press the VFO button as selected in step #1 to stop DUAL WATCH.

9. SCANNING FUNCTIONS

The DJ-580T/E offers various scanning options and 3 scanning modes described a little later on in this section. First lets look at the scanning options, they are:

VFO Scan

Scans either band independently.

Program Band Scan (VFO Mode)

Scans programmed lower to upper frequencies. You may scan a range of frequencies.

Memory Scan

Each band may scan memory channels independently.

9-1 VFO SCAN

Each band may scan VFO channels independently. When in Band Scan mode the DJ-580T/E scans by Channel step, by 100 kHz or by 1 MHz steps. As the scan passes through any 500 kHz or 1 MHz point a tone will sound if the BEEP function is active.

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key twice. The purpose for pressing the band key twice is in the event you are in memory mode by mistake.
2. Press the **[P]** key for approximately 1 second and release the SCN key. Use the Main Tuning dial or **[L]** or **[R]** keys to scan in a particular direction.
3. Whether you are cycling upward or downward, during scan the decimal point will flash indicating that scanning has begun.
4. When a signal is received, scanning will stop and remain on that frequency. When channel goes quiet or Main Tuning Dial is rotated clockwise or counter clockwise, scanning will continue.
5. To cancel scanning press the **[STOP]** key. All 3 scan types can be applied to Band Scan.

9-1-1 PROGRAM BAND SCAN MODE (VFO MODE)

This scan option allows the scanning of a range of VFO frequencies. Each band may have independent scan ranges. The lower band limit is programmed into Memory Channel 18. The upper band limit is programmed into Memory Channel 19. You may initiate Program Band Scan from either VFO or Memory mode.

EXAMPLE: STORING LOWER/UPPER RANGES

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key, for example VHF.
2. Enter a desired Lower Frequency via the key pad, for example "146.000MHz".
3. Press the **[P]** key.
4. Rotate the Main Tuning Dial until "P1" is displayed.
5. Press and hold the **[VHF]** key, then press the **[L]** key to store the selected Lower Frequency into memory.
6. Enter a desired Upper Frequency via the key pad like 146.100MHz.
7. Press the **[P]** key.
8. Rotate the Main Tuning Dial until "P2" is displayed.
9. Press and hold the **[UHF]** key, then press the **[R]** key to store the selected Upper Frequency into memory.
10. Press and hold the **[VHF]** key, then press the **[P]** key. The letter "P" will begin to blink on the display. Scanning from 146.000 to 146.100 has begun.
11. Press the Main Band key as performed in step 1 to stop this function. Pressing the **[STOP]** key will also cease this function.

NOTE

The upper limit frequency and Lower limit frequency may be stored into either "P1" or "P2".

9-2 MEMORY SCAN MODE

This scan option allows the user to scan frequencies that have been programmed in any (or all) of the memory channels. Bands may be scanned individually or both bands may be scanned simultaneously.

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key twice. The purpose for pressing the band key twice is in the event you are in memory mode by mistake.
2. Press the **[P]** key.
3. Press the **[M]** key. Use the Main Tuning dial to scan in a particular direction. You can also use the **[L]** or **[R]** keys to scan in a particular direction.
4. Whether you are cycling upward or downward, during scan the decimal point will flash indicating that scanning has begun.

5. When a signal is received, scanning will stop and remain on that frequency. When channel goes quiet or Main Tuning dial is rotated clockwise or counter clockwise, scanning will continue.
6. Press the Main Band key as performed in step 1 to stop this function. Pressing the **[STOP]** key will also cease this function.

When a signal is received, scanning will stop and remain on that frequency. When channel goes quiet or Main Tuning dial is rotated clockwise or counter clockwise, scanning will continue.

9-2-1 MEMORY CHANNEL SKIP MODE

Memory Channel Skip permits unwanted memory channels to be skipped during memory scan. This step presumes that you have already programmed some/all memory channels.

1. Press the **[M]** key.
2. Rotate the Main Tuning Dial until the memory channel that you want to skip is displayed.
3. Press the **[SKIP]** key. The decimal point will disappear from the frequency displayed, indicating this frequency will be skipped. Perform step 2 and 3 for each memory channel that you wish to skip.
4. To cancel Memory Channel Skip, press the **[STOP]** key again. The decimal point will re-appear, and that memory channel will now be restored to scan status.

9-3 SCANNING TYPES

The DJ-580T/E offers 3 different scanning modes as shown below. The initial factory setting is the Busy Channel Scan.

Busy Scan

Stops at a busy channel or frequency until clear. Two seconds after the signal ceases, scanning resumes.

Timed Scan

Stops at busy channel or frequency, then resumes scan 5 seconds later even if the channel remains busy. Scanning will also resume when a signal received ceases.

- Selecting a Scan Type:
1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key.
 2. Press and hold the **[SKIP]** key, then press the **[M]** key. A black block with a white lettered T will appear, indicating to you that "Timed Scan" has been selected.

3. Press and hold the **[SKIP]** key, then press the **[M]** key again to leave "Timed Scan". The black block with a white lettered "T" will disappear from the LCD display. The DJ-580 will be in "Busy Scan" when not in "Timed Scan".

9-4 OTHER SCANNING INFORMATION

This subsection talks about all other information pertinent to radio scan.

9-4-1 DUAL BAND SCAN

You may want to scan both bands at the same time. You can perform that function by following this example.

EXAMPLE: DUAL BAND SCAN

1. Press the **[VHF]** key.
2. Press the **[D]** key for approx. 1 second.
3. Press the **[UHF]** key.
4. Press the **[D]** key for approx. 1 second.

9-4-2 DUAL BAND SCANNING WITH MEMORY PRIORITY

If you want to activate PRIORITY on both bands while SCANNING, no problem, follow this example.

EXAMPLE: DUAL BAND SCAN WITH DUAL BAND PRIORITY

1. Press the **[VHF]** key.
2. Press the **[D]** key and rotate Main Tuning dial for a desired memory channel.
3. Press the **[VHF]** key.
4. Press the **[M]** key for approx. 1 second.
5. Press the **[D]** key.
6. Press the **[UHF]** key.
7. Press the **[D]** key and rotate Main Tuning dial for a desired memory channel.
8. Press the **[UHF]** key.
9. Press the **[M]** key for approx. 1 second.
10. Press the **[D]** key.

10. REPEATER OPERATIONS

Amateur radio repeaters utilize separate transmitter and receiver sections. The transmitter frequency may be offset either above or below the receive frequency according to repeater coordination conventions.

10-1 SPLIT FREQUENCY FUNCTION

When standard offsets will not satisfy an input or output frequency, a split is utilized for this purpose. Split can be configured on the DJ-580 for VFO and MEMORY modes. The split frequency function will not operate in CALL mode.

10-1-1 VFO MODE SPLIT

Perform the following for VFO MODE SPLIT.

1. Select the Main Band (VFO) by pressing the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key. Enter a frequency into the VFO for your output (receive) frequency.
2. Press the **[F]** key. Program or select a frequency in any MEMORY channel for your input (transmit) frequency.
3. Enter VFO mode again. You are now in receive, while transmitting will divert to the MEMORY channel for the transmit frequency.
4. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[REV]** key repeatedly until the "S" appears on the display. The split setup is now complete.

10-1-2 MEMORY MODE SPLIT

Perform the following for MEMORY MODE SPLIT.

1. Press the **[M]** key. Program or select a frequency in any MEMORY channel for your input (transmit) frequency.
2. Select the Main Band (VFO) by pressing the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key. Enter a frequency into a VFO for your output (receive) frequency.
3. Press the **[F]** key again. You are now in receive, while transmitting will divert to the VFO frequency for the transmit frequency.
4. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[REV]** key repeatedly until the "S" appears on the display. The split setup is now complete.

10-2 REV KEY

In some areas there may be repeaters operating on repeater frequency pairs, the exact reverse

of another repeater in the area. That is, the input of one repeater is the output frequency of the other and vice versa. To avoid the inconvenience of reprogramming every time both repeaters are in range, the **[REV]** key allows instant reversal of the input and output frequencies and the offset direction. The REV function is also useful to check the repeater input to determine if another station is heard directly so you can go simplex. To activate the REV function:

1. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[REV]** key. The repeater input frequency and opposite SHIFT indicator will appear on the LCD display panel.
2. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[REV]** key again to cancel the REV function.

10-3 RESETTING RADIO

NOTE

Resetting the radio will erase all user programmed information (frequencies, shifts, offsets etc.) Make sure that this information has been written down before proceeding.

1. Make sure radio is powered off.
2. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key in while turning on the radio via the power knob. The LCD will display 145.00 (VHF) and 445.00 (UHF).

NOTE

If you were to hold the **[FUNC]** key in and not let it go while powering up the radio, all display segments will be shown.

10-4 CTCSS ENCODE/DECODE

CTCSS encoding allows you to select the proper tone frequency to open another operators radio receiver or repeater. CTCSS decoding enables another operator to select the tone your receiver requires enabling you to hear them. Unlike Code Squelch operation (Refer to section for details), a specific tone frequency is used. Here's how to use CTCSS Encoding/Decoding.

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key.
2. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[CTCSS]** key.
3. Rotate the Main Tuning dial to the desired

tone.

4. When the tone has been selected enter the Main Band by pressing either the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key.

5. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, press the **[REV]** key repeatedly. Tone settings will cycle each time the **[REV]** key is pressed. It cycles as follows on the LCD display:

- The Tone Encoder is Enabled when the letter "E" is displayed on LCD.
- The Tone Decoder Squelch function is enabled when the letter "D" and "SQL" is displayed on the LCD. When this function is active, you would expect a particular tone to open your radio receiver.

- When the "E" and "SQL" is not displayed, the encoder/decoder is disabled.

EXAMPLE: TONE ENCODER/DECODER

Radio for Joe	Radio for Linda
Tone set: 100.0 "E" displayed (ENCODE)	Tone set: 100.0 "D" and "SQL" displayed (DECODE)

- A) Radio operator "Joe" is calling "Linda". The interesting point here is that when the radio that Linda is using displays "E" and "SQL", nothing will be heard through her radio speaker when squelch is opened up (fully counter clockwise). You will notice however that the "SQL" indicator will be shown on the LCD when squelch is opened.

- B) The only way that Linda will hear Joe is for Joe to send the proper tone to open Linda's radio receiver. If Joe doesn't send the right tone, Linda's radio will remain silent.

11. AUTOPATCH OPERATION (AUTOMATIC DIALER)

The DJ-5807/E offers three automatic dialer memories. A telephone number may be entered in either the VHF or the UHF frequency mode. The stored telephone number is transmitted on whichever band is selected as the Main Band.

11-1 PROGRAM AUTODIAL NUMBER

To enter a telephone number, perform the following:

1. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[A]** key. The selected VFO frequency display will clear and display "L1" or "L2" or "L3". Rotate the Main Tuning dial clockwise or counter-clockwise to obtain a desired dialer memory. The telephone symbol will display on the LCD and flash, indicating that the dialer memory is ready to accept the number to be stored. You may enter up to 16 numbers, letters and symbols, four at a time in four groups.
2. The telephone number or codes should be entered in order from the beginning. The following characters can be used:
0-9, A-D, *, #
3. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[A]** key to store the entered telephone number or codes. The telephone symbol stops flashing and is on steady to show that this function is active.
Proceed to Section to transmit the dial sequence. Clear out dialer memory to enter a new sequence.

11-2 CLEAR DIALER MEMORY

1. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[A]** key.
2. Rotate the Main Tuning dial to the dialer memory you wish to clear.
3. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[A]** key followed by the **A** once again.

11-3 CORRECTING CODES IN DIALER MEMORY

1. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press

the **[A]** key.

2. Rotate the Main Tuning dial to the dialer memory you wish to make a correction in.
3. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then rotate the Main Tuning dial until the sequence of digits you wish to correct have just exited the display.

EXAMPLE: CORRECTING DIALER CODES

Programmed number is 123567890, but you forgot 4!

1. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[A]** key.
2. Rotate the Main Tuning dial to the dialer memory you wish to make a correction in.
3. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then rotate the Main Tuning until the numeral 3 is displayed.

This represents the last digit displayed on the LCD.

These digits are hidden just right of last digit shown.

123 567890

4. Now enter **4567890**. After you play with this for awhile you will see how it works.

11-4 TRANSMIT AUTODIAL NUMBER

After performing the steps in section, perform the following steps to transmit the programmed number.

1. Verify that the telephone symbol appears on the LCD display.
2. Press the **[PTT]** switch to transmit the autodial sequence.

HINT

If the repeater autopatch requires an entry of an access code as part of the telephone number, enter the code first, then the telephone number. All digits will be transmitted. In some cases you would have to enter the autopatch code manually, then use the dialer.

11-5 MANUAL DIAL

In some instances you may want to dial a number manually. perform the following steps.

1. The telephone symbol should not appear on your display. If it does, press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[A]** key, the **[A]** key and finally the **[PTT]** key again.
2. Press and hold the **[PTT]** key.
3. Now dial the number on your keypad as you would a telephone.

11-6 DISABLE AUTODIAL

1. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[A]** key, the **[A]** key and finally the **[A]** key again.

12. DIGITAL SQUELCH (DSQ)

DSQ stands for DTMF Squelch Control. DSQ is very versatile and will allow you to:

- Make a transmission and be heard by a group.
- Place a private call to a selected person in a group.
- Call a single operator.
- Straight DSQ transmission

This feature is achieved by use of DTMF Tones that will either open (or keep closed) the DU-5807/E. In this section you will learn how to transmit and receive the DSQ SCHEME! A radio must be DSQ compatible to take advantage of these features.

12-1 DSQ SCHEME

Before we get started let's look at the DSQ tone structure. Depending on the transmission type (Group, Private etc.), a particular tone sequence will be sent. The tone structure is broken down into the following areas:

- **GROUP** Code
3 digit sequence
- **OTHER'S** Code
3 digit sequence
- **OWN** Code
3 digit sequence
- **MISC** Codes

The following explanation of each area will help you to fully understand how each is utilized.

3 DIGIT "GROUP" CODE

By programming a 3 digit group code your members of a group would receive a common transmission. Perhaps this group wouldn't want to hear a transmission meant for another group that has another 3 digit code sequence.

EXAMPLE: GROUP CODE

Lets say that you are helping the local police department find a missing child. They have split 10 radio operators into 2-five person teams. Let's call them team 1 and team 2.

- Each member of team 1 has a radio with a group code of 111.
- Each member of team 2 has a radio with a group code of 222.

The police have just found evidence that the child is definitely located in team 2 territory. The central

transmission point now needs to contact the members of team 1 and notify them that their search area must be changed. They will send out a 111 group code (tone sequence) to team 1. By virtue of the group code 111, all members of team 1 will hear the message and team 2 will hear nothing on their radios. A separate transmission to group 2 could be placed with specific updated information!

3 DIGIT "OTHER'S" CODE

This code is used as an identifier of another station. In other words, it is the other persons "own" code.

EXAMPLE: OTHERS CODE

Lets say that an individual in team 1 needs to be given some specific information. The receiving stations identifier is referred to as the other's code. We will send that person the information by virtue of their 3 digit "own" code. You must enter their "own" code into your "others" code field.

3 DIGIT "OWN" CODE

A transmitting station uses 3 digits as a personal identification number. A receiving station uses this code to identify who called them.

EXAMPLE: OWN CODE

Lets say that you will receive some specific information. The other person will need to know your "own" code before your radio will receive a private call. Your "own" code is also necessary, because the other person receiving your message will see your "own" code displayed on their radio LCD.

MISC CODES

16 numbers, letters and symbols can be used for coding. Here's what you can use;

0 - 9, *, #, @, ~, ^, &, % and ©. An "H" will appear on the LCD when the © is entered and upside down © will appear when the © is entered. The © sign is used as a wild card. Refer to WILDCARD for more information.

12-2 PROGRAMMING ALL DSQ CODES

Place your radio in front of you. The following

steps get your radio set for DSQ operation.

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the VHF or UHF key.
2. Press and hold the **[VHF]** key, then press the **[PTT]** key. The LCD display will indicate "P-000".
3. Enter 3 digits for the group that YOU want to call. In other words, a unique calling code for a specific group.

EXAMPLE: PROGRAM 1ST GROUP CODE

"P-123"

4. Rotate the Main Tuning dial clockwise until "b-000" is displayed on the LCD.

5. Enter 3 digits for another group that YOU might call. This is an additional group calling code.

EXAMPLE: PROGRAM 2ND GROUP CODE

"b-456"

6. Rotate the Main Tuning dial clockwise until "P-000" is displayed on the LCD.

7. Enter 3 digits for your "own" Personal code. This is your unique identification code.

EXAMPLE: PROGRAM YOUR OWN CODE

"P-000"

8. Rotate the Main Tuning dial clockwise until "y-000" is displayed on the LCD.

9. And now you must select the "others" 3 digit code. This is the operator you're calling. Lets say you're calling operator 200, enter "200" on the keypad.

EXAMPLE: PROGRAM THE OTHERS CODE

"y-000"

10. Rotate the Main Tuning dial clockwise until "nn-000" is displayed on the LCD.

11. Enter a two digit code that will become the Digital Signal Message.

EXAMPLE: DIGITAL SIGNAL MESSAGE

"nn-000"

12. Press the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key to end setup. Only radios with DSQ functionality are capable of receiving and/or transmitting DSQ tasks. These tasks are described in the following sub-sections, have fun!

12-3 DSQ MODES

This section will address all functions of DSQ

and describe how they should be used. Only through experimentation of DSQ will you get the hang of it. DSQ functionality comes in various flavors, and they are shown in the following table.

DSQ FUNCTION	LCD DISPLAY
Straight DSQ	D.SQ
Group Calling	G D.SQ
Private Calling In A Group	G P D.SQ
Private Call	P D.SQ

12-3-1 TRANSMITTING (CODE SQUELCH)

Coded Squelch is a unique 3 digit sequence, when sent to another unit configured only for D.SQ, will open the receiver for reception. It's always a good idea to have a cheat card that lists each units identifier (own code) and group codes.

1. Select the Main Band by pressing the **[VHF]** or **[UHF]** key.
2. Press and hold the **[VHF]** key, then press the **[PTT]** key.
3. Rotate the Main Tuning dial and select either "P-" for GROUP A or "b-" for GROUP B. Each group should have a unique identifier code. If either GROUP A or B doesn't contain the desired 3 digit code, enter it in at this time via the keypad.
4. Return to the Main Band as selected in step 1.

5. Press the **[PTT]** key several times until "D.SQ" displays on the upper right-hand corner of the LCD.

6. When you press the **[PTT]** key, the Code Squelch is transmitted automatically. At the conclusion of the 3 digits being transmitted, the operators radio (who you are calling) receiver will accept your transmission.

12-3-2 RECEIVING (CODE SQUELCH)

If the received Code Squelch signal matches the set Code Squelch code, "D.SQ" will begin to flash on the LCD display. In addition, an audible alert will be heard through the speaker.

If the receiver is on receive mode by code squelch, it is possible to communicate within 1.5 seconds after a received signal is clipped.

12-3-3 TRANSMITTING (GROUP CALLING)

When you select this option, you will be able to contact many operators that collectively make up a **group**. If operators with compatible DSQ functionality are configured correctly, and all have the same group code programmed, their radios should open and receive your call. It's always a good idea to have a cheat card that lists each unit's identifier (own code) and group codes. Here's what you have to do.

1. Press the **[PTT]** key.
2. **Rotate the Main Tuning dial** and select either "A" for GROUP A or "B" for GROUP B. Each group should have a unique identifier code.
3. Press the **[PTT]** key several times until "G D.SQ" displays on the upper right-hand corner of the LCD.
4. When you press the **[PTT]** switch, the GROUP code selected will be transmitted to all units in the GROUP.

If you are using GROUP A in step 2 and wish to change to GROUP B, follow steps 1-4 again.

The following DSQ code is transmitted as shown:
(3 DIGIT GROUP CODE) * (3 DIGIT OWN CODE)

12-3-4 RECEIVING (GROUP CALLING)

To receive DSQ coded calls in GROUP CALLING, setup your radio for G DSQ as follows:

1. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[PTT]** key until "G D.SQ" appears on the LCD display.
When the received DSQ code matches the first 3 digits of your display (group code), the "G D.SQ" indicator will begin to flash. If the BEEP is off, the squelch will open for as long as the calling operator is transmitting. If the BEEP is on, an audible beep will be emitted from the radio and the indicator will display which group is calling. Reset the display by pressing the Main Band key or PTT.

12-3-5 TRANSMITTING (PRIVATE CALLING IN A GROUP)

It's always a good idea to have a cheat card that lists each unit's identifier (own code) and group codes.

1. Press the **[PTT]** key.
2. Rotate the Main Tuning dial and select either "A" for GROUP A or "B" for GROUP B. Each group should have a unique identifier code.
3. Press the **[PTT]** key several times until "C D.SQ" displays on the upper right-hand corner of the LCD.
4. Press the **[PTT]** switch to transmit the DSQ code or press the VFO key for the band you are working.
The following DSQ code is transmitted as shown:
(3 DIGIT GROUP CODE) (1 DIGIT OTHERS CODE) * (1 DIGIT OWN CODE)

12-3-6 RECEIVING (PRIVATE CALLING IN A GROUP)

To receive DSQ coded calls in PRIVATE CALL IN A GROUP, setup your radio for GPDSQ as follows:

1. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[PTT]** key until "C D.SQ" appears on the LCD display.
When the received DSQ code matches the first 3 digits of your group and your own code, the DSQ "C D.SQ" indicator will begin to flash. If the BEEP is off, the squelch will open for as long as the calling operator is transmitting. If the BEEP is on, an audible beep will be emitted from the radio and the indicator will display which group is calling. Reset the display by pressing the Main Band key or **[PTT]**.

12-3-7 TRANSMITTING (PRIVATE CALL)

This option would be used when someone is calling only you. This is different from encode/decode because you determine your own identification code and not a subaudible tone. It's always a good idea to have a cheat card that lists each unit's identifier (own code) and group codes.

1. Press the **[PTT]** key.

2. Press the **[PTT]** key several times until "D.SQ" displays on the upper right-hand corner of the LCD.

3. Press the **[PTT]** key to transmit the DSQ code or press the VFO key for the band you are working.

The following DSQ code is transmitted as shown:
(3 DIGIT OTHERS CODE) * (3 DIGIT OWN CODE)

12-3-8 RECEIVING (PRIVATE CALL)

To receive DSQ coded calls in PRIVATE CALL, setup your radio for P DSQ as follows:

1. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[PTT]** key until "D.SQ" appears on the LCD display.

12-4 ERROR CODE

When the "Other's" private code is not confirmed the LCD display will indicate "Er"

12-5 TIMING CONSIDERATIONS

It is possible to delay the time to transmit codes to about 750ms after the PTT key is pressed.

1. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[PTT]** key. The LCD display will display "FL".
2. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[PTT]** key. The LCD display will display "d-750" or "d-450". Repeat this step until the desired selection is made.
3. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[PTT]** key. Repeat this step until "FL" and "PL" is absent from the display.

12-6 DSQ WILDCARDS

The "#" symbol is a wildcard that may be substituted for any one digit, letter or symbol used in DSQ codes. When the "#" symbol is entered it appears on the LCD display as an upside down A. The wildcard allows for the combination of many groups. If the first or first and second digits of several group codes are

the same, you can replace the second and third digits (or just third digit) with a "#" mark, and thus transmit to all those groups.

EXAMPLE: WILDCARDS

1. Enter the 2 meter frequency of 146.520.
2. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[PTT]** key. Select any code squelch memory channel.
3. Release the **[FUNC]** key now and select a 3 digit code squelch code using the keypad.
Example: Enter the 3 digit code to return the LCD display to operating frequency.
4. Press the **[FUNC]** key to return the LCD display to operating frequency.
Example: Now you will see on the LCD display P45.52.
5. Press the **[PTT]** key repeatedly (2 times) until "L" appears in the 100 MHz digit location.
Example: C45.620

If the incoming coded calls are anyone with a group code as follows, the call will be received by your radio.

- 105 through 195
- 1A5 through 1D5
- 1*5
- 1#5

6. When you receive a call from another station, the "L" will flash on and off for as long as the other operator is transmitting. Your radio has already memorized who was calling you, so press the **[PTT]** switch and you will transmit to that station directly. When you have completed your QSO, enter the wildcard sequence again to open your radio to all other stations again.

12-7 DIGITAL SIGNAL MESSAGE

This function allows you to send or receive messages consisting of 2 digit codes.

12-7-1 TRANSMITTING DIGITAL SIGNAL MESSAGE

You can retain 1 signal message in the transmitter memory.

1. Press and hold the **[FUNC]** key, then press the **[PTT]** key.
2. Rotate the Main Tuning dial and select a message memory channel "nn".

13. CROSSBAND REPEATER

"n2". You can also use the arrow keys to review these messages.

12-7-5 CLEARING MESSAGE MEMORY

If you find it necessary to clear out messages, proceed with the following steps.

1. Select the memory number and press the **MEM** key once to clear out that location.

3. Enter a 2 digit message code. This is a code that has been predetermined and understood by the operating parties.
4. Press the **VHF** or **UHF** key to end setup.
5. Set the appropriate paging function (D.SQ, G D.SQ etc).
6. Press the **PTT** key to transmit the DSQ code. Continue to hold the **PTT** key and press the **MEM** key.

What the receiving operator will see on the display will be the unit number of the calling station followed by the 2 digit code. The following is the sequence sent:
(2 DIGIT SIGNAL MESSAGE)

12-7-2 RECEIVING DIGITAL SIGNAL MESSAGE

1. Set the appropriate paging function (D.SQ, G D.SQ etc).
2. When the appropriate codes are received, your receiver will open to hear the calling operator. When the digital signal message is sent shortly after the initial transmission, you will see on the LCD display the 3 digit calling station followed by a - and then the 2 digit digital signal message.

12-7-3 TRANSMITTING WITH DIGITAL SIGNAL DISPLAYED

While a digital signal message is displayed, press the **PTT** switch. Your signal will be transmitted back to the station calling by using the displayed DSQ settings. The frequency will return to your LCD display.

12-7-4 REVIEW DIGITAL SIGNAL MESSAGE MEMORY

You can store up to 3 previously received digital signal messages. The first two memories store the messages in received order. The third memory stores the latest message. These messages display the 3 digit calling station followed by the 2 digit message. Here's how to view digital signal message memory.

1. Press and hold the **TUNE** key, then press the **MESS** key. Select any code squelch memory channel. The latest message will be displayed on the LCD display.
2. Rotate the Main Tuning dial to review the previously sent messages in "n1" through

The DJ-580 is capable of crossband repeat. To simplify matters, it means that when you transmit on one band it is simultaneously heard on the other band. Ok you want to set up a crossband repeater I hear you say, right! Remember that this is not a repeater but a crossband repeater or crossband link. Here are a few things to remember about crossband repeat:

1. When crossband repeat is active, you cannot change frequencies or utilize other functions with the exception of crossband deactivation.
2. Set squelch threshold before you activate crossband repeat.
3. No radio modification is necessary to activate this function.
4. This isn't a 100% duty cycle repeater. If the radio becomes extremely hot to the touch, the radio should be allowed a cool down time.

13-1 ACTIVATE CROSSBAND REPEATER

Here are the steps for crossband repeat.

1. Rotate the volume controls for the VHF and UHF bands fully counter-clockwise.
2. Press and hold the **TUNE** key, then press the **CRS** key. The LCD should display "FL".
3. Press each key once as follows: #, 5, 0 and 8. You should notice that the word "OPEN" displays on the LCD and the opposite band indicator will begin to blink.
4. Press the **PTT** switch and release it. The radio is now in crossband repeat. When a signal is received on one band, it will be retransmitted onto the other band.

13-2 DEACTIVATE CROSSBAND REPEATER

To return to original mode perform the following:

1. Press and hold the **TUNE** key, then you will press the **CRS** key 4 times. After you press it the first time the LCD will display "CLOSE". This indicates to you that crossband repeat has been disabled. The other 3 times that you press the **CRS** key will turn off the "FL" and "PL" indicators.

14. FULL DUPLEX OPERATION

The principles of Full Duplex operation is very much like a telephone. The idea behind this is that when you are talking (let's say) on 2 meters you will hear the transmission from the other station on the 440 band. He will hear you on 2 meters.

YOUR STATION	OTHER STATION
TRANSMIT ON 2 METERS	RECEIVE ON 2 METERS
RECEIVE ON 440 BAND	TRANSMIT ON 440 BAND

14-1 ENABLE SPEAKER FULL-DUPLEX

Enabling the speaker will cause feedback unless an external earphone or headset is used.

1. Press and hold the **[TUNE]** key, then press the **[*]** key. The LCD should display "FL".
2. Press and hold the **[TUNE]** key, then press the **[E]** key. The LCD should display "Fd-an". Repeat this step until the field indicates "Fd-an".
3. Press and hold the **[TUNE]** key, then press the **[*]** key repeatedly until the "FL" and "PL" indicators are absent from the LCD display.

14-2 DISABLE SPEAKER SEMI-DUPLEX

Perform the following steps:

1. Press and hold the **[TUNE]** key, then press the **[*]** key. The LCD should display "FL".
2. Press and hold the **[TUNE]** key, then press the **[E]** key. The LCD should display "Fd-of". Repeat this step until the field indicates "Fd-of".
3. Press and hold the **[TUNE]** key, then press the **[*]** key repeatedly until the "FL" and "PL" indicators are absent from the LCD display.

15. AIRCRAFT MODIFICATION

The radio will not have to be opened and modified to receive aircraft. This procedure isn't difficult if you take your time. If you are unsure of your ability to perform this modification, please find someone with this know how!

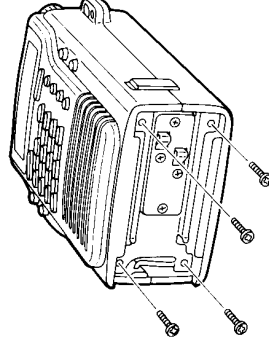
3. Carefully remove battery terminal plate. Located a **RED looped jumper wire**. Remove or cut (tape exposed ends) this jumper wire.
4. Make sure that during reassembly you don't forget battery lock clip is in place.
5. **Reset the radio** (Refer to Section 10-3).
6. To go to Airband, press and hold the **[TUNE]** key, then press the **[VHF]** key.
7. Repeating this step will return to FM mode.
8. Enjoy a hot airband receiver. You will be able to enter a frequency range from 108-142.995MHz. The receiver will actually begin around 110MHz.

NOTE

Don't even think of performing this modification unless you have the right tools and temperament.

1. **Turn the radio off and remove the battery pack.**
2. Look at the bottom of the radio, with the top upwards as shown.

Front of Radio



Remove these screws

BOTTOM VIEW SHOWN

Remove these 4-screws very carefully. They are very short screws (believe me, they are still in my rug), so work over an area that will catch the screws when removed.

<ACCESSORIES>	Page	SPEAKER JACK	16	<KEYPAD>	10	<SPECIFICATIONS>	2
OPTIONAL	4	STEP KEY	11	CONTROL KEYPAD	10	EUROPEAN FREQUENCY	5
STANDARD	4	T.SQ/L KEY	12	KEYPAD ENTRY	20	COVERAGE	5
<AIRCRAFT MODIFICATION>	41	TMS/VCS KEY	14	LOW LEVEL BATTERY MODE	22	GENERAL	5
ANTENNA CONNECTOR	16	TO NE KEY	12	M TO V KEY	14	RECEIVER	5
APO KEY	13	UHF BAND KEY	10	MAIN TUNING DIAL	16	<TRANSMITTER>	3
CLEAR DIALER MEMORY	32	VHF BAND KEY	10	<MEMORY CHANNEL>	34	U.S. FREQUENCY COVERAGE	5
CORRECTING CODES IN DIALER MEMORY	32	DIAL M KEY	32	SKIP MODE	23	<SQUELCH>	16
<AUTOPATCH>	32	<DSQ>	38	MEMORY MODE	29	UHF	16
AUTOMATIC DIALER	32	CLEARING MESSAGE MEMORY	37	CANCELLING A MEMORY CHANNEL	24	VHF	16
DISABLE AUTODIAL	33	DIGITAL SIGNAL MESSAGE	34	FREE VHF/UHF MEMORY CHANNELS	24	<TOP PANEL>	16
MANUAL DIAL	32	DIGITAL SQUELCH	35	MEMORY TO VFO COPY FUNCTION	24	Controls and Functions	23
PROGRAM AUTODIAL NUMBER	32	ERROR CODE	34	PROGRAMMING A MEMORY CHANNEL (MW KEY)	23	TRANSCIEVER MODES	27
TRANSMIT AUTODIAL NUMBER	32	PROGRAMMING ALL DSQ CODES	35	SCROLL MEMORY	26	CALL MODE	24
BATTERY LOCK BUTTON	17	RECEIVING (CODE SQUELCH)	36	MEMORY PRIORITY	28	MEMORY MODE	24
BEEP KEY	13	RECEIVING (GROUP CALLING)	36	MEMORY SCAN	29	<VFO>	23
BS KEY	15	RECEIVING (PRIVATE CALL)	36	MEMORY CHANNEL SKIP MODE	11	TRANSMITTING	23
<CALL MODE>	24	RECEIVING (PRIVATE CALLING IN A GROUP)	36	MESS KEY	41	VFO MODE	23
ACTIVATING CALL CHANNEL	25	RECEIVING DIGITAL SIGNAL MESSAGE	38	<MODIFICATION>	41	VFO PRIORITY	26
COPY TO VFO FUNCTION	24	REVIEW DIGITAL SIGNAL MESSAGE MEMORY	38	AIRCRAFT	21	VFO SCAN	28
PROGRAMMING THE CALL CHANNEL	24	MEMORY	37	MONO BAND FUNCTION	14	<VOLUME CONTROL>	16
CALL PRIORITY	15	TIMING CONSIDERATIONS	35	MR KEY	14	UHF	16
CALL/CALL W KEY	21	TRANSMITTING (CODE SQUELCH)	36	MR/MW KEY	14		
CLEARING ENTRY	39	TRANSMITTING (GROUP CALLING)	36	MW KEY	22		
<CROSSBAND REPEATER>	39	TRANSMITTING (PRIVATE CALL)	36	<POWER>	12		
ACTIVATE CROSSBAND REPEATER	39	TRANSMITTING	36	OUTPUT SETTING	11		
DEACTIVATE CROSSBAND REPEATER	39	(PRIVATE CALLING IN A GROUP)	36	PO KEY	28		
REPEATER	39	TRANSMITTING DIGITAL SIGNAL MESSAGE	37	PRI KEY	26		
CTCSS ENCODE/DECODE	30	MESSAGE	38	<PRIORITY FUNCTIONS>	26		
DECODE	12	TRANSMITTING WITH DIGITAL SIGNAL DISPLAYED	37	CALL PRIORITY	26		
T.SQ/LTONE F KEY	13	WILDCARDS	14	MEMORY PRIORITY	26		
<DESCRIPTORS>	13	DSQS KEY	26	VFO PRIORITY	36		
DUAL KEY	10	<DUAL WATCH>	27	<REPEATER OPERATIONS>	30		
FL/PL KEY	10	CALL/MEMORY	27	MEMORY MODE SPLIT	30		
FRONT PANEL CONTROLS	14	CALL/VFO	26	REV KEY	30		
GP DSQ/DSQS KEY	15	VFO/MEMORY	26	SPLIT FREQUENCY FUNCTION	30		
LAMP KEY	18	<FREQUENCY>	10	VFO MODE SPLIT	30		
LCD DISPLAY PANEL	11	FREQUENCY INDICATOR	11	RESETTING RADIO	30		
MESS KEY	10	STEP KEY	5	REV KEY	32		
MICROPHONE	15	<FREQUENCY COVERAGE>	5	<SCANNING>	29		
MONI/BS KEY	14	AMERICAN	10	DUAL BAND SCAN	28		
MR/MW KEY	12	EUROPEAN	10	DUAL BAND WITH MEMORY PRIORITY	28		
PR/DIAL M KEY	11	<FRONT PANEL>	10	MEMORY SCAN	28		
REV KEY	14	LCD DISPLAY	10	PROGRAM BAND SCAN MODE	28		
SCN/PS KEY	14	FRONT PANEL CONTROLS	10	SCANNING TYPES	28		
SKIP/M TO V KEY	14	FUNCTION KEY	10	VFO SCAN	28		
SPEAKER	10	GP DSQ/DSQS KEY	14				